TURBINE OIL ANALYSIS



Oil & Fuel Analysis | Reliability Solutions | Transformer Chemistry Services



Turbine Oil Analysis

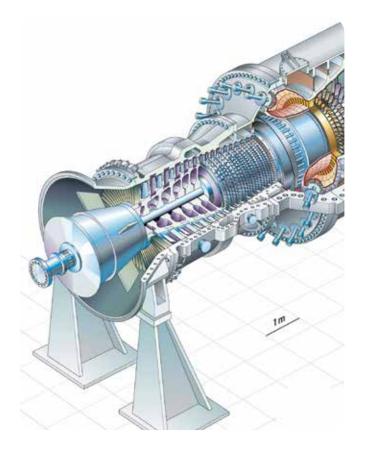
In today's world, companies rely on turbines and compressors to provide power and gas transportation for core processes. Turbines and compressors already have demanding lubrication requirements and those demands are increasing. More demands are being put on these fluids as reservoir size and working clearances decrease and system power outputs, pressures, temperatures and oil service life increase. Lubricants must be highly oxidative and thermally stable to be able to handle these higher operating temperatures. Additionally, the lubricant must remain contaminant-free to properly lubricate bearings and gears, and to act as a favourable hydraulic medium for governors and valving control systems.

Oil oxidation and sludge will lead to sticking servo valves, meaning control valves will not open on demand. Oil contamination will accelerate wear, cause governors and valves to operate erratically and plug system filters. Unmonitored, poor oil condition leads to unplanned outages which are disruptive and potentially very expensive.

In order to achieve peace of mind on the operating condition of your turbine and compressor you need the comprehensive testing that WearCheck provides. Specifically designed for industrial turbines and compressors, WearCheck's turbine oil analysis kit combines well-established industrial tests with more recent advances in industry-testing to provide an unparalleled view of the operating condition of your critical lubricants.

WearCheck's turbine oil analysis kit determines the levels of remaining antioxidants in the oil, detects unwanted oil contamination and will accurately determine the suitability of the lubricant for continued use. A comprehensive diagnosis warns you of any potential for damaging varnish build-up and includes recommendations for any necessary maintenance actions to remove contamination and restore the lubricant to optimum operating condition.

Typical Applications: gas turbines, steam turbines, hydro-electric turbines, rotary compressors.





TEST

Viscosity at 40°C

Viscosity at 100°C

Elemental Analysis

Water Content

ASTM D6304

METHOD

ASTM D7279

ASTM D7279

ASTM D5185*

Total Acid Number

ASTM D974

Particle Quantification

Particle Count

Remaining Useful Life

ASTM D6971*

ISO4406:99

Membrane Patch Colorimetry

Foaming Characteristics

ASTM D892

ASTM D7843

Air Release

ASTM 3427

Water Separability

ASTM D1401

Rotating Pressure Vessel Oxidation Test

ASTM D2272



Oxidation stability of the

Indication of the lubricant's resistance to flow at 100°C

Indication of the lubricant's

resistance to flow at 40°C

BENEFIT

Concentration of wear and additive elements present in the lubricant

Presence of moisture in parts per million (ppm)

Acidity of the lubricant

Indication of magnetic particles in the lubricant

Size and distribution of particles present in the lubricant

Concentration of antioxidants present as compared to new oil

Presence of insolubles that may lead to varnish build-up

Tendency of the lubricant to producefoam and the stability of the foam produced

Ability of the lubricant to release entrained air

The lubricant's ability to separate from water

lubricant

* Variances to the method are applied

Available On Request